

UV-E measuring head type 1E.3

UV-E sensitivity

Long UV radiation (above 323 nm) makes people tan and has positive effects on the human immune system. Shorter UV-radiation in contrast may cause irreversible damage and is listed in a recommendation by CIE (Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage) which summarizes all action spectra that may cause damage to the human skin.

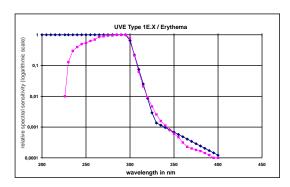
This recommendation is standardized in German DIN 5050.

A popular example is the UVI sunburn index.

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The measuring head determines radiation in the UV-E spectral range (Erythema).

Measuring results are allowing immediate conclusions about medically and biologically relevant connections within this band of radiation. The measuring head is used in medicine, biological research, weather information and forecast systems, in climate research and for public information in general. The measuring head type 1.E1 features a weatherproof aluminum housing. The dome is made of plastic (PMMA). The values are cosine corrected.



Technical specifications:

measuring range UV-E spectr. sensitivity UV-E max. of spectr. sensitivity sensor system working temperature signal output

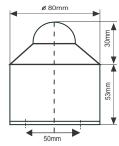
power
time to switch on
time to switch off
installation
connector
diffusor
housing-dome
cosine correction
linearity
absolute error
weight

230nm - 310nm 295nm SiC interf. filter -30°C - +60°C | -22 - +140°F 0V - 5V/0V-10V*/ 4mA-20mA/0mA-20mA** +10V - +24V / 750µA < 1 s < 1 s 2 screws M4 in the bottom bottom, downward **PTFE PMMA** error f2 < 3% < +/-3% < +/-10% 400g | 14 oz

0 - ca. 0.5 W/m²



Dimensions:



Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Indium Sensor Virchowstr. 7 15366 Neuenhagen Germany

Tel: +49(0)3342 80239 Fax: +49(0)3342 207886